

The Jim Crow Car Act.

In the matter of Homer A. Plessy, on application for write of prohibition and certiorari, Judge Ferguson, of the criminal district court, yestorday filed his return. He avers that the cognizance of the cause balongs to section A of the criminal district court, and that respondent, as presiding judge of said court, is competent to near same; he avers that act 3 of 1890, which . Pleasy is charged with having violated, is a good and valid statute, and that Plessy, by law of the land, is bound to answer same: that nowhere in the information against Pleasy is it alloged that he was a white or colored man, or that, belonging to the colored race, he was by reason thereof, domied and doprived of any right or privilego or immunity because of his color or race: that the allidavit made against Plessy by C. C. Cain forms no part of the proceedings before respondent; that until the trial of Plossy respondent does not know whether or not Plessy is a colored man; wherefore respondent prays that his abswer may be considered sufficient to justify his conduct, and that the complaint against him by the potitioner be dismissed at the cost of the potitioner. The answer was received, and all parties given until Thursday next to tile briofs.

Excerpt from "The Jim Crow Car Act" in *The Daily Picayune*. New Orleans, November 27, 1892.